The everyday of the athlete Rethinking the body of a sport-arena



Diploma • Christine Hagatun • 2022 Bergen School of architecture



Tutors & Helpers

App: Cristian Stefanescu

DAV: Hedvig Skjerdingstad

TTA: Kim Christensen & Andre Fontes

1:1: Bernice Donszelmann & Vibeke Jensen

Sustainability: Nancy Couling

Helpers: Knut Lemme,

Profession: Nurse.

Anne-Berit Hagatun,

Profession: Beeing a mom and self-employed

owning a camping.

Helping with painting walls and modells, cutting cardboard, carrying stuff and cleaning.

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Private photo: Me as an athlete and an architect

The majority of my life I have spent within the community of sports, in those buildings that one could describe as institutional buildings, the sport-arenas. For me the sport-arena is my second home, if not my number one home. My everyday life happens there, I eat, sleep, shower, train and hang out with my closest family — my coach and peers — every day of the week all year around. During my 15 years of experience traveling around the world visiting sport-arenas I have observed that they are designed with the main stage — the competition-floor and its audience — as the starting point. Given the fact that athletes timewise spend 10% of their sport career competing, and the rest 90% in the surrounding spaces, — training and/or resting, I find this observation problematic.

As a professional athlete I would wish that the importance of the space surrounding the competition-floor: the corridor, the wardrobe, toilettes, the reception area, common areas, the warm-up space, other training rooms, staff space, and outdoor space, is re-evaluated. As an architect I set out to do this. I aim to re-think the sport-arena as more than just a one-dimensional

space, more than this introvert building with little or no immediate relation to its physical context, to view its inside and outside spaces and its use as a living thing.

I would like to reconsider the role of support spaces quality to give balance to the body of the building by treating them as important as the main space. I reconsider each space within the arena bringing athletes and other users to the center stage instead of just focusing on the audience. This aims to improve the everyday life of athletes within the sport-arena and architecture has a crucial part in this. By introducing poly value architectural elements that actively engage with the users, by starting from the inside-out, and challenging today's standardizations of spaces within the sport-arena. In order to achieve balance also in its context, I view the out-side in, involving the physical context and the public, with equal importance.

In my investigation I combine personal observation and scientific knowledge and supplement this with interviews of different athletes, coaches, sports managers, psychologists and audience. Tools to communicate existing situation and explore alternative spatial possibilities as 1:1 installations, photography, film, sound, models, illustrations and text, will lay the foundation of further development and design.

To practice the findings and interest retrieved from the process I will use the site of Fana Arena in Slåtthaug, Bergen. I will use the existing program of Fana IL and accommodate its users and needs, with the athletes as the main character. To establish the focus upon the supporting spaces I am keeping the dimensions of the current sporthall. I propose a design that enhances the experience of a sport-arena as something more than just an institutional building treating the building as a body where all parameters need to cooperate to function as a living thing!

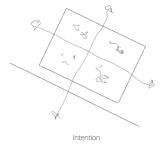
"Architecture is the thoughtful making of spaces whose design can and should simultaneously reveal the story of their construction and meet the aesthetic and functional needs of the people who inhabit them."

Louis Kahn

What/Where/How/Why

With the athletes as the main character, I aim to re-think the sport-arena as more than just a one-dimensional space, more than this introvert building with little or no immediate relation to its physical context, to view its inside and outside spaces and its use as a living thing. Polyvalue Architecture of the arena and challenge current hierarchies of attention to the stage versus the vital everyday spaces that the athletes occupy in training and other forms of preparation are of the essence throughout this project.









Private photo: Left; Worlds Cahmpionship- Budapest. Right; Backstage









What/Where/How/Why

To practice the findings and interest retrieved from the process I will use the site of Fana Arena in Slåtthaug, Bergen, and go back in time. I will use the existing program of Fana IL and accommodate its users and needs, with the athletes as the main character. To establish the focus upon the supporting spaces I am keeping the dimensions of the current sport-hall. I propose a design that enhances the experience of a sport-arena as something more than just an institutional building treating the building as a body where all parameters need to cooperate to function as a living thing!



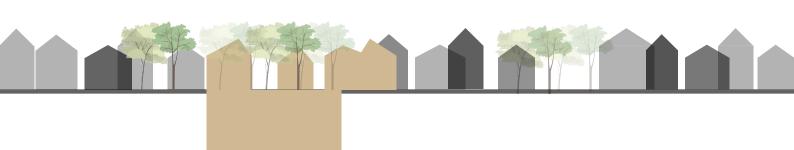
What/Where/How/Why

Through 15 years of experience as a professional athlete I combine personal observation and scientific knowledge and supplement this with interviews of different athletes, coaches, sports managers, psychologists and audience. Tools to communicate existing situation and explore alternative spatial possibilities as 1:1 installations, photography, film, sound, models, illustrations and text, will lay the foundation of further development and design.



What/Where/How/Why

I would like to reconsider the role of support spaces quality to give balance to the body of the building by treating them as important as the main space. I reconsider each space within the arena bringing athletes and other users to the center stage instead of just focusing on the audience. This aims to improve the everyday life of athletes within the sport-arena and architecture has a crucial part in this. By introducing poly value architectural elements that actively engage with the users, by starting from the inside-out, and challenging today's standar-dizations of spaces within the sport-arena. In order to achieve balance also in its context, I view the out-side in, involving the physical context and the public, with equal importance.



Current programming

The project intend to use current programming that Fana IL holds, both in terms of operational matters, as well as offers to its users. The sports-team consists of approximately 6200 members and offer 13 different sports. Further, it also include programs for people that are not necessarily into sports or are aging. Fana IL's core values includes joy, community, power of action and security, theese are values that are taken into account in further development of this project.



























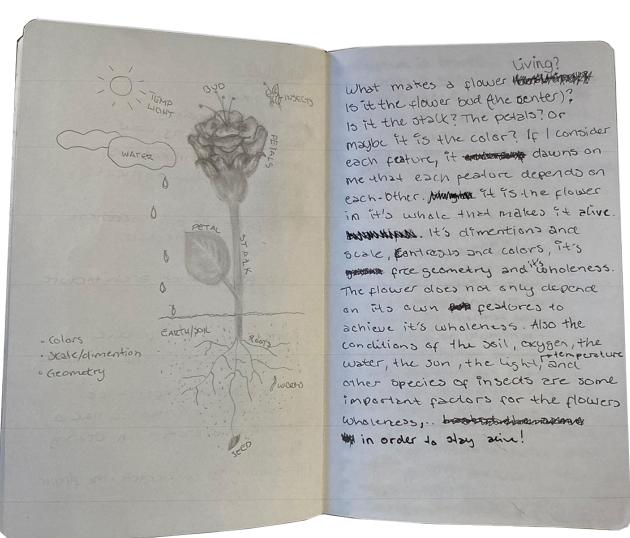
Concept

The balance of the body of a sport-arena through behavioural observations...

Through on site obeservation and own experiance of the sport-arena, use determine what components that are of the essance and how one combine thoose components together as one. This to achieve its wholeness in order to become a living thing.

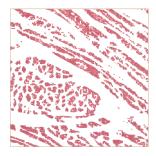






The first reflectional text

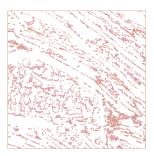
The anatomy of the muscle



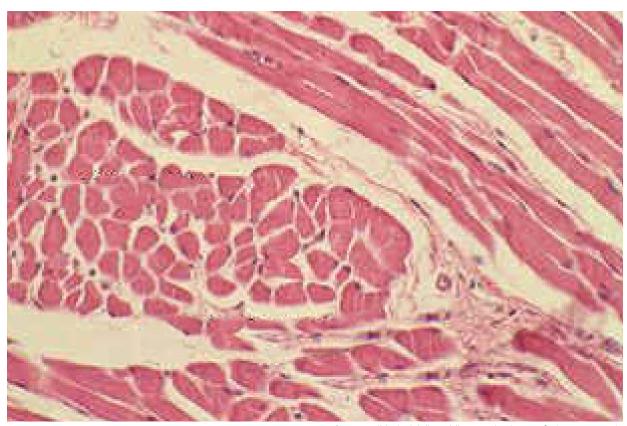
musclefibers activity



muscle wall connective space



connective tissue sequence of spaces

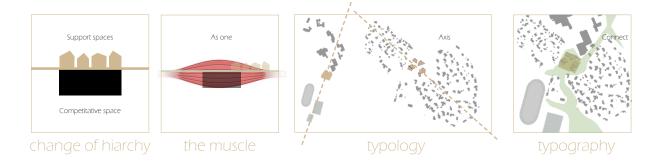


Store medisinske leksikon: Microscopic picture of a human muscle

Architectural Concept

The different relationships...

Relationships between landscape, athletes, public, spectator, and spectacle as well, are incorperated into my design. A certain conscious toward a mix of the everyday, the formal and the informal, as it relates to the larger scale and not only to the tension between preparation and main event.



1:1

To explore materiality and how it affect us as humans. The feeling of touching it, temperature, texture, smell and its ability to absorbe force, its durability.



Keywords

Sport-arena

A building for indoor sports that is wihin a smaller scale compered to a stadium. Usually not fixed seating for spectators and often multi-sport orientated.

Polyvalue architecture

Architecture and design that brings more than one value to it. E.g. A staircase are placed for several reasons more than a element that bring you from one level to another, a corridor more than a corridor and so fourth. Multiple functionalities and qualities to one object.

Competition-floor

The hall within a sport-arena. The space where one arrange competitions.

Support-spaces/ Backstage

All spaces surrounding the competition-floor. E.g. Wardrobes, toilette, social space, corridors ect.

Behavioural observation

Personal observation of athletes and others use of the sport-arena.

Reflectional Diary

05.01.22

My diploma talks about the hidden spaces that are within a sports arenas logic. Not as an architect, not as a spectator, but as an athlete – through an athlete's perspective I want to research a different way to organize the logic of spaces that matters – for the athlete. The wardrobe, the hallways, the warmup areas etc. Throughout the semester I'm traveling to different countries competing in world-cups, visiting different arenas. I want to use those opportunities to explore the existing conditions and understand human behaviours through observing and actual experiences with my own body and mind. With inspiration from Christopher Alexander et. Al., A Pattern Language, I aim to create my own language of spatial relations that allows athletes to perform at their best when it actually matters – in competition. I want to use my own body as a human ruler, photography to capture the story and actual situations and observations to be able to create a possible arena that embrace the individual – the team – for the athletes.

14.02.22 (Study trip, Visiting sport facilities in Bergen, a historical travel)

Historically one can argue that there has been a radical change in regards of the sports arenas appearances upon today. Both in its facade, function and quality. In my journey within Bergen, I looked at buildings from 1908 to 2019, thats a time-span of 111 years, and still the building from 1908, Turnhallen, gave me the most impression in the role of an architect. Whereas Fana Arena from 2018 does its duty in supporting me as a top athlete, despite its architectoral plainness and lack of personality. Reflections that appeared to me was mainly conserning two conceptual themes, one is that I as an architect are not only designing for the people spending the most time there, but also for its society in general and its surrounding context. Two, is that a sport arena has the capability of beeing a building that much more than just sports can happen within. Done with care and accuracy, the building can evolove into different programs, as Turnhallen is a great example on. Going from a building that was built for Bergen gymnastics, to a theatre and today Salem prayer house and apartments. Whereas Fana Arena, I would be as direct and say that it will never evolove into any other programs than sports. With that said, the arenas, despite what program they sustain, are designet for the humans and their prefered use.

20.02.22

Apart from its context, both in term of limitations and possibilities, there is also different typologies when it comes to a building that are designed for athletes. A stadium I define as an indoor or outdoor area, surrounded by seating for spectators, where shows or sports events take place. Often monumental buildings that makes a statement, and often specific-sport orientated. An Arena is a building for indoor sports that is wihin a smaller scale compered to a stadium. Usually not fixed seating for spectators and often multi-sport orientated. Sports-hall is a building or a indoor space that one recognize from schools in regards of its standarized measurements, often the dimentions of an hand-ball/basket ball court and is often initiated by the municipality. A club-house is sport-specific. Often small in scale and organized for all people that take part in organized sports.

25.02.22

Just as the flower, a spesific material and its traits will depend on different/other features, and together it can evolove into something more than just a wall, or a window, floor, sink ect., -that each feature depends on each-other to achieve its wholeness. Each material has its own trait. Some restore heat, some the cold, some are very durable, some are covered, some provide natural air, some are showing the view, or reflects the view, some changes over time, others dont. With carefully selecting your building material, one could be able to create a space with wholeness. To understand that the material itself, and its shape, will influence people behavior and mindset.

Reflectional Diary

03.03.22

Talking and asking athletes, coaches and other's in the support system of the athlete (e.g. physiotherapist, psychologist, ect.) questions on how they percieve their space within performance enhancement architecture became important from the start. As I am an athlete myself it became evident that ofcourse all athletes are different people with different perceptions and needs, reflections and experiences.

Through theese questions I wanted to understand each athlete intrnsic importanties when it comes to their competition-area (sports arena) when they are to perform at their best. What is their needs when one strive for well-being, focus, self-confidence, motivation or other attributes that by experience, both physical and psychological, matters for each athletes ability to perform at their best.

Intentionally I used the term "competition-floor" when asking questions. The aim was to discover wether or not the participants kept their focus upon this particular space within the sport-arena. My hypothesis was that this is may not the most important area for the athletes. It became evident that each person would answer in regards of what their role is within the arena. In other words, for a sport manager the competitions floor was one of the most important area, for a psychologist all spaces provided to reduce external stress was important, for a coach it was the overall facilities and quality of the spaces in regards of its physical matters, for the athletes it was the options of spaces and control that became evident.

05.03.22 (After Diploma presentation 2)

Maybe the catalog is not the main vein in my project, but something that is a part of a process in total. To really enhance the fact that I have a lot of knowledge about the subject of sport-arenas and being a full-time athlete. To use the site of Fana Arena, where I keep the sport-hall and Fana IL's program, and to further rethink the supporting spaces and its relation to its physical surroundings. To start drawing- to reinterpret what a corridor can be, a wardrobe and so on. What needs and connections each space aim to accomplish is a crucial momentum in order to be able to create a building that not only the users make the building alive, but also its actual architecture and its design over all accommodate the matter of the building to function as a living thing.

27.03.22 (Field-trip, Pro galla fight- Fana arena)

For the first time Im having my debut full-contact pro-fight at the arena where I train daily- Fana Arena. For this competition it works since there is less competitors. There was only 7 pre-selected fights wich means it was in total 14 competitors and their teams, normally at world-cups we are 500-3000 competitors, only. The wardrobes are placed next to the competition-floor and the promoters had placed tatamies in the shower allowing us fighters to have quality warm-ups. This is luxuary for us fighters, normally we are using the corridors and whereever there is a little room for us to move around.

While competing one looses all sence of time- one have no direct contact with the outside, and it feels like you are entering a different world, and the only people that you are sharing this world with, is the people joining you inside of the walls of the arena.

For the spectators it is a nice experiance, off-course we athletes arrive before them, but it would be nice to have seperate entrances. This to be given the choice if you want to interact with the spectators and other peers before you are to performe or not. All athletes are different, just as I want the architecture of the sports-arenas also to be, to really pay attention to what is actually happening inside, not only during competition- but in training as well.

Reflectional Diary

21.04.22 (After Diploma presentation 3)

The importance to be precise in my language when presenting is crucial to not spend too much time into the reason why I did the project in the first place. To be able to jump to the actual design rapidly.

To put serious effort into drawing the design for the next 1-2 weeks. To understand the logic of each space, the green corridor, shape, scale, openings, transitions, ect. To estimate depth of the main hall below ground and how the cluster of buildings on top are going to be placed in connection with its surrounding nature.

Maybe my 1:1 could involve how different material influence the experience of the use to each space. How it could extend the positive aspect of use. Maybe looking into Japanese Architecture could help in regards of arcitectural prinsiples that accommodate my design proposal. Also look further into other refrences which is not necessarily sport related, e.g. theatre, churches, ect. Even though I have looked into some all-ready.

16.05.22 (Study-trip, World-cup Turkey)

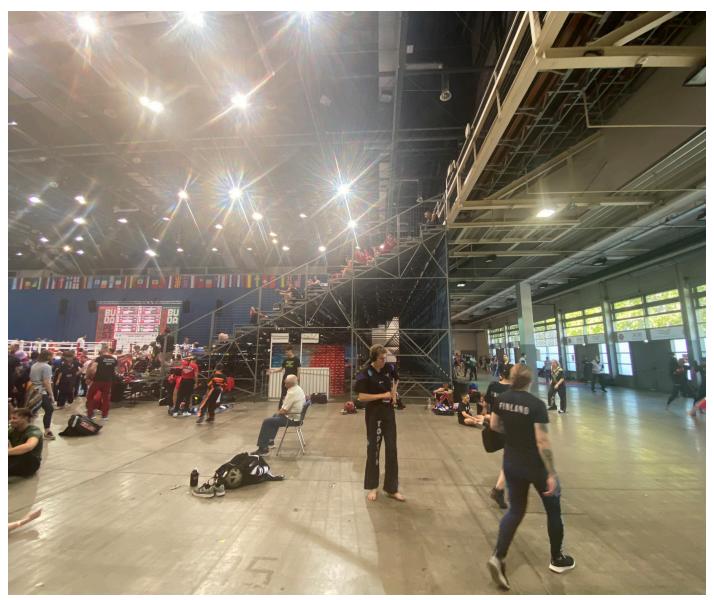
This time we stayed outside of Istanbul- in a kind off alient site. It was kindoff nice, since everything was at the same place. We sleep, eat and compete under the same roof. As allways it is caotic with all the people and our mood is in general shitty- since we're cutting weight. The competition area was lika a huge garage, the accoustic was terrible. I was not going to fight before 4 days in, and because of the sound I had to keep away from the hall most of the time. There was no tribunas or anything to sit down for a rest. But what was nice was the amount of space. Again all the corners was occupied and the surface of concrete was cold and hard- but at least it was alot of space. It was a long walk in order to use the toilettes, wich is inconvinient when one is nervous.

While I was fighting I could not hear my coach— the noice in the arena was really demanding, so all talking had to be done during the breaks. I was happy with my performance, but the fact that I colud not hear my coach was the reason why I lost the semi-final by one point. In the end we are travelling in order to win fights, this reasoning of loosing I could change by beeing an architect and think of those important enquieries, If I were'nt an athlete this would not be possible, because one need to experiance in order to adress those issues. I think that it is really wierd competing while doing this project— cuz I never before paid any attention to all external factors Im not in control off.

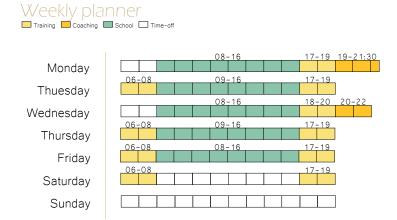
07.06.22 (Study-trip, World-cup Hungary, Budapest)

This arena I really can appreciate, it is a hall that I know really well and are familiar with all its corners, even though it is a really large arena. We also have a bit of a drive going there from the core of the city of Budapest to the edges of the city. What is nice is that it is really much to look at while driving back and fourth. In fact I got an idea for my facade in my project at that road.

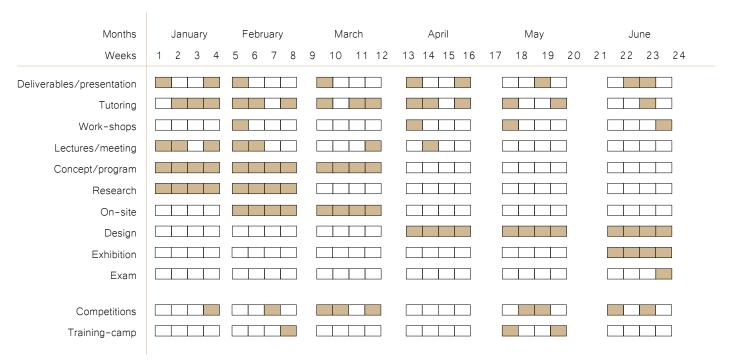
What is nice with this arena is that it is really simple in its layout, and the corridors allways lead you in the direction you are planning to go- there is no dead ends. The tribunas are pulled out and you have the opportunity to warm-up behind them, next to the competition-floor, wich is really nice. Once again there is concrete floor and people are actually bringing air-madrasses into the arena to lay and relax on. There is looong days spent in the arena, so spaces for relaxation are crucial, as well as the opportunity to go outside. One thing I became aware of just now is that Im still unshore of where the wardrobes are, even after competing there over 10 times, the toilettes are placed everywhere, and are the most important ones for an athlete, but it would be nice to also have the possibility of using the wardrobes without the need of a search to find them.



Private photo: World-cup- Budapest. Stage, spectate,backstage



Monthly planner





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Author & Works

Birkenlundhallen, "Fjellhall" Gaia Arkitekter

Palazzetto dello Sport (1957) Annibale Vitellozzi & Pier Luigi

Archery Hall & Boxing Club (2013) FT Architects

School El Pinarillo (1967) Curro Inza

Andreakirche (1964) Jakob Padrutt

Gammel Hellerup Gymnasium/BIG (2013) Bjarke Ingels Group

Norsk Reiselivsmuseum (2016) Askim og Lantto Arkitekter

Louisiana kunstmuseum (1950) Jørgen Bo and Wilhelm Wohlert

SESC 24 DE MAIO (2018) Paulo Mendes Da Roscha, MMBB

Arquitetos

House in Moledo Eduardo Souto de Moura

Turnhallen (1908) Egil Reimers

Fana roklubb (1936) Egil Reimers

Sentralbadet (1960) Halfdan B. Grieg

Landåshallen (1964) Kåre Frølich

Haukelandshallen (1969) Jacob Myklebust/

Bjørn Simonnæs

Bergen roklubb (1979) CUBUS/Helge Borgen

ADO-arena (2014) KHR Arkitekter

Fana arena (2018) Haugaas entreprenør

Zinken hopp idrettshall (2019) Rambøll Norge AS

(avd. Bergen)

Cityhall Confrence Centre MCA Architects

RDS Stadium Stefano Piccioli & Gianpiero Pirazzini

BOK Hall Raba S. Csaba, Simon Ferenc, Bagi Zoltán

Olympiahalle Hans Buchrainer / Rang & Volz





Name: Christine Hagatun Birth: 22/08/1990 Contact: +47 934 27 471

christinehagatun@gmail.com

Ladegårdsgaten 34 5033 Bergen

About me: As 2022 graduate architect, I really look forward to be able to evolve my skill set further and embrace my new epoke in life by working with architecture. Both in teams and accross knowledge, as well as independent work.

Education

2017-2022 Master in Architecture Bergen School of Architecture

2011-2014 Bachelor in Sport, nutrision, psychology & health University of Vestfold/ University of the Sunshine Coast (2013)

> 2007-2011 University admission certification/ Sports Voss avmnas

> > 2007 Handcraft & Design Vatle Videregådende

Distinctions

Written bachelor Martial arts and aggression 3rd year exam [HIVE]

Other

2017/2021 National team athlete WAKO kickboxing

2012(-2016) Second black belt/ National team athlete ITF Taekwon-do

Passions

Sports People Travelling

References Morten Saksvik,

Sven Åge Pettersson, Jørn Høyset

Work experience

Elite Athlete (2x World Championship athlete) WAKO Kickboxing & ITF Taekwon-do

2016-

Kickboxing Instructor Fana IL kickboxing

2016-2017

Assistant and nutritionist consulter Regional safety department at Sandviken hospital

2015-2016

Environmental therapist Voss medical and psychiatric care

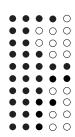
2014-2016

Personal trainer & nutritionist consulter/ Receptionist / Swimming instructor Bergen PT senter/ Stamina Åsane/ Bergen Swimming school

2012

Assistant kitchen Park Hotel

Skills AutoCad ArchiCad Rhino Photoshop InDesign Illustrator Sketch up **OGIS** Light room Premiere Pro



Languages Norwegian

English



Previous master courses & bachelor

Master course • Complex context • Reinhabit a valley through regeneration

Tutors; Andrè Fontes • Tom Chamberlain • Hedvig Skjerdingstad • Magnus Wåge

Master course • Reform • Re-form of Sentralblokken to sense • to orientate • to humanize Tutors; Magnus Wåge • Pavlina Lucas • Tom Chamberlain

Master course • Ocean space II • [part 1] Renewables & [part 2] Ocean colonization
Tutors; Nancy Couling • Vibeke Jensen

3rd year exam • Diverce city • Unification of Sandviken [part 1] • Complex building • Activity house [part 2]

Tutors; Jan Liesegang • Cristian Stefanescu • Håvard Fadnes